



<b>To</b>	SAI Subcommittee AeroMACS Working Group	<b>Date</b>	July 27, 2015
<b>From</b>	P. J. Prisaznuk paul.prisaznuk@sae-itc.org tel: +1 410-212-0913	<b>Reference</b>	15-999/SMA-898 1th
<b>Subject</b>	<b>Meeting Announcement</b> <b>AeroMACS Working Group</b>		
<b>When</b>	<b>November 12-13, 2015</b>  Thursday from 0900 to 1700 Friday from 0900 to 1300		
	The DLK Systems Subcommittee will meet November 10-11 at the same location. DLK Subcommittee participants are encouraged to attend the AeroMACS Working Group meeting.		
<b>Where</b>	Meeting Location/Hotel Information  Hilton Cocoa Beach Oceanfront 1550 North Atlantic Avenue Cocoa Beach, Florida 32931 USA tel: +1 321-799-0003 fax: +1 321-799-0344 <a href="http://www.hilton.com/en/hi/groups/personalized/C/CCBCHHF-ARINC-20151109/index.jhtml?WT.mc_id=POG">http://www.hilton.com/en/hi/groups/personalized/C/CCBCHHF-ARINC-20151109/index.jhtml?WT.mc_id=POG</a>		
	Reservations can be made using the link above, or calling 1-800-HILTONS (1-800-445-8667) toll free in the US and Canada and mentioning the group code "ARINC" or referencing the ARINC group. Online booking is also available by entering the group code "ARINC" in the "Group Code" field on <a href="http://www.hilton.com">www.hilton.com</a> .		
	The hotel reservation cutoff date to obtain the group rate of <b>\$129.00</b> plus taxes is <b>October 11, 2015</b> . All participants are encouraged to stay at this hotel.		
<b>Instruction</b>	Please notify ARINC Industry Activities of your intention to attend by registering online at: <a href="http://www.aviation-ia.com/events/">http://www.aviation-ia.com/events/</a> .  The meeting is open to all interested parties. Individuals requesting time on the agenda should contact Paul Prisaznuk. Any material intended to be circulated prior to the meeting should be submitted before <b>November 2, 2015</b> . The agenda will be finalized one week prior to the meeting.		

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<b>Activity Scope</b>	AeroMACS (Airport Mobile Access Communication System) is one of the new data links proposed in the Future Communications Infrastructure (FCI) and it is intended to support the future airport surface communications. The AeroMACS Working Group is tasked with defining an airborne radio suitable for installation in all types of aircraft. This activity is authorized by APIM 11-013A attached to this announcement.
<b>Meeting Objectives</b>	<p>The AeroMACS Working Group will review <b>Draft 1 of ARINC Project Paper 766: Airborne Radio for Airport Mobile Access Communication System (AeroMACS)</b>. Topics expected to be covered include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Airborne transceiver form, fit, function, interface, definition capable of operating in the MLS extension band 5000 to 5150 MHz</li> <li>• Interfaces to airborne peripherals, i.e., control/display functions, central maintenance functions, etc.</li> <li>• Integration with related broadband systems</li> <li>• Segregation from unrelated functions</li> <li>• Aircraft installation guidelines</li> <li>• Antennas and cabling</li> <li>• Others items [TBD]</li> </ul> <p>The AeroMACS Working Group is expected to refer to the following documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RTCA DO-345: AeroMACS Profile Document</b> (December 2013)</li> <li>• <b>RTCA DO-346: AeroMACS MOPS Document</b> (February 2014)</li> <li>• <b>ICAO Standards and Recommended Practices (SARPs)</b> (December 2014)</li> </ul> <p>The goal of the meeting is to prepare a plan that will enable a mature draft of ARINC Project Paper 766 to be prepared by the end of 2016.</p>
<b>Travel Information</b>	<p><b>Hotel Directions and Transportation</b></p> <p>The Hilton Cocoa Beach Oceanfront Hotel is located about 45 miles from the Orlando, Florida Airport.</p> <p>The following provide shuttle transportation service between Orlando and Cocoa Beach:</p> <p><a href="http://www.cbshuttle.com/cocoa-beach-rates.htm">http://www.cbshuttle.com/cocoa-beach-rates.htm</a>  <a href="http://www.aroundtheclockusa.com/1601300.html">http://www.aroundtheclockusa.com/1601300.html</a>  <a href="http://www.cocoabeachshuttle.net/">http://www.cocoabeachshuttle.net/</a></p> <p><b>Orlando International Airport</b></p> <p>Distance from hotel: 45 miles; Drive time: 45 min</p> <p>Directions: Take SR 528 East (Bee Line) for 40 miles until it becomes A1A South at Port Canaveral. Go 5 miles on A1A South through Cape Canaveral and into Cocoa Beach. The Hilton hotel is located 1 mile south of Ron Jon's on the left.</p> <p>Note: SR 528 is a toll road so you will need to have cash.</p>

### **Melbourne International**

Distance from hotel: 25 mi; Drive time: 40 min.

Directions: Turn left onto NASA Blvd to US 1; turn left onto US 1 North to SR 404 (Pineda Cswy). Turn right onto 404 East to Hwy A1A; turn left onto A1A North and go 8 miles. The Hilton hotel is located on the right side of the road.

**cc**

AOC, AGCS, DLK, DLUF, SAI

Attachment 1

# Attachment 1

## AEEC Project Initiation/Modification (APIM)

<b>1.0</b>	<b>Name of Proposed Project</b>	<b>APIM 11-013A</b>
	AeroMACS Avionics Specification	
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Name of Originator and/or Organization</b>	
	Nikos Fistas / EUROCONTROL	
	Brent Phillips / FAA	
<b>2.0</b>	<b>Subcommittee Assignment and Project Support</b>	
<b>2.1</b>	<b>Suggested AEEC Group and Chairman</b>	
	It is proposed that the work within the AEEC will be undertaken in two steps. The first step (step 1) will be within the SAI Subcommittee. The primary objective is to undertake a preliminary analysis, in particular, the desired airborne architecture meeting in an evolving manner the airline needs. A key outcome of step 1 will be the agreement on the way ahead for the AeroMACS avionics standard and will be essential to scope the standardization activity (to be carried in step 2) and identify the desired features in the ARINC Standard for AeroMACS.	
	Then, in step 2. use the foundation of step 1 to undertake the drafting of the AeroMACS specification in a dedicated group to be identified per the recommendation of the SAI Subcommittee.	
<b>2.2</b>	<b>Support for the activity (as verified)</b>	
	Airlines: American, FedEx, Southwest, TAP Portugal, United, UPS	
	Airframe Manufacturers: Airbus, Boeing	
	Suppliers: ACSS, Harris, Honeywell, Rockwell Collins, SELEX ES, Thales	
	Others: ASRI, EUROCONTROL, FAA, SITA (all TBC)	
<b>2.3</b>	<b>Commitment for Drafting and Meeting Participation (as verified)</b>	
	Airlines: United, UPS (others TBD)	
	Airframe Manufacturers: Airbus, Boeing [TBC]	
	Suppliers: Harris, Honeywell, Rockwell Collins, SELEX ES, Thales	
	Others: EUROCONTROL, FAA, SITA (all TBC)	
<b>2.4</b>	<b>Recommended Coordination with other groups</b>	
	EUROCAE WG-82, RTCA SC-223 and ICAO ACP/WGS	
	AEEC Subcommittees: as required AGCS, AOC, DLK, others TBD	
<b>3.0</b>	<b>Project Scope</b>	
<b>3.1</b>	<b>Description</b>	
	<b>INTRODUCTION</b>	
	AeroMACS (Airport Mobile Access Communication System) is one of the new data links proposed in the Future Communications Infrastructure (FCI) and is intended to support the future airport surface communications.	
	AeroMACS is identified in the ICAO COM roadmap and the ICAO Global Air	

Navigation Capacity and Enhancement Plan (GANP) strategy (as a Block 2 element) and is scheduled to operate in protected AM(R)S spectrum. AeroMACS is designed to support both safety of life (Air Traffic Management, ATM) and regularity of flight (Aeronautical Operational Control, AOC) operations.

AeroMACS is based on the IEEE 802.16 standard (WiMAX) and will deliver an IP-based high data rate radio link, which will be used to support existing as well as enable future (advanced) aircraft-to-ground (ATS) and (AOC) services. In addition AeroMACS can enable and support SWIM type of services in the airport surface environment.

The AeroMACS protocols and features are covered in the AeroMACS profile which is a selected subset of the WiMAX and IEEE 802.16 standard providing the minimum requirements that are needed to support global interoperability. The AeroMACS profile has been jointly standardized in EUROCAE and RTCA and is also a recognized profile of the WiMAX commercial standard, aiming to facilitate the availability of equipment.

Furthermore, RTCA (SC-223) and EUROCAE (WG-82) have jointly developed AeroMACS Minimum Operational Performance Standards (MOPS) covering the ground and airborne side and EUROCAE is continuing now with the development of the AeroMACS Minimum Aviation System Performance Standards (MASPS).

Finally, ICAO ACP WGS is finalizing the AeroMACS SARPS and will also develop an AeroMACS Technical Manual.

The AEEC standardization effort is proposed to develop the required avionics specification to cover the items such as:

- Airborne transceiver form, fit, function, interface, definition capable of operating in the MLS Extension Band 5000 to 5150 MHz
- Avionics architecture
- Interfaces to airborne peripherals, i.e., control/display functions, central maintenance functions, etc. (Items to be considered are the need or not to identify aircraft network domain (ACD, AISD), message structure, specific equipment interfaces (CMU, ATSU, MCDU, etc.) and data destination management.)
- Integration with related broadband systems
- Segregation from unrelated functions
- Aircraft installation guidelines
- Antennas and cabling
- Others items [TBD]

The above list will be revisited and finalized at the end of the step 1 activity, in which the scope of the AeroMACS specification will be defined in detail.

## **BACKGROUND**

During WRC07 the extended MLS band between 5091 and 5150 MHz was opened for ATC/AOC communication by including a co-primary AM(R)S allocation. Because of its short wavelength and the resulting propagation characteristics this frequency band is primarily suitable for short ranges in particular the airport surface.

During the period from 2005 up to 2007 EUROCONTROL and FAA co-operated

under Action Plan 17 in the development of a future communication infrastructure (FCI) that would be required to support the emerging future concepts as identified today in SESAR and NextGen.

As a result of the FCI study, Eurocontrol and FAA decided to co-operate in the standardization of AeroMACS system – based on IEEE 802.16.

For efficient operations Airlines and Airport operators rely more and more on high data rate IP based applications. Aircraft gate turnaround times can be optimized by providing high data rate radio links - such as AeroMACS - allowing the timely availability of all data required in order to speed-up aircraft arrival and departure procedures. Most of the bandwidth hungry AOC applications are being transferred between AOC centers and aircraft at the gate (software loading, EFB, etc.). Future ATC operations may rely also on new ATC commands while existing ATC messages could be offloaded from existing VDLM2 data links while transmitting on the airport surface.

## PATENTS RELATED ISSUES

Just as any other modern commercial mobile communication system available on the market (based on commercial standards such as CDMA 2000, GSM, etc.), WiMAX is likely to be subject to patents. All patents issued for WiMAX (and therefore potentially applicable to AeroMACS) are centralized within the WiMAX Forum (<http://www.wimaxforum.org/resources/ipr>). The WiMAX Forum policy in accepting patents is compatible with the ITU and ICAO policy and allows patents as long as they are made available on a fair and non-discriminatory base.

In general any specific patents and owner of patents need to be identified, and commitment for licensing from the patents owners shall be addressed, as defined by the ARINC patent policy.

As the general idea is to implement AeroMACS based on an existing COTS product, the individual user will not see any patent issues as it will be part of the overall cost. It is believed that patents costs are in the order of 5% of the COTS unit cost (actual cost will depend on previous quantitative roll out of available COTS product and are thus only known to the COTS manufacturer).

## TASKING

As mentioned previously, it is proposed to carry out the work in two steps and to start the work in the SAI group for step 1 and then decide the best way to proceed to the step 2 activities which will involve the drafting of the specification.

AeroMACS operates in protected spectrum and needs to support not only regularity of flight (AOC) services but also safety of life applications (ATM). As a result AeroMACS may have specific certification and accreditation requirements, for example more stringent than Gatelink.

This standard should target both forward fit installations as well as retrofit installations - if deemed commercially interest.

Potential areas of standardization include:

- FFF box dimensioning for both commercial and business aircraft (if possible)
  - For new developments

- For forward/retro fits
  - Interface Control Document with related aircraft systems
  - Avionics architecture
  - Handling of security related aspects (such as certificates and / or equipment authorization)

Additional information for the expected standardization areas is provided in section 3.1. Furthermore, it is noted again that the areas that the AeroMACS specification will cover, will be defined in detail at the end of the step1 activity, in which the scope of the AeroMACS specification will be defined in detail.

3.2

## **Planned usage of the envisioned specification**

Note: New airplane programs must be confirmed by manufacturer prior to completing this section.

Use the following symbol to check yes or no below. ☑

New aircraft developments planned to use this specification      yes  no

Airbus: (aircraft & date) no planning yet

Boeing: (aircraft & date) TBD

Other: (manufacturer, aircraft & date)

Modification/retrofit requirement yes  no

Specify: (aircraft & date) TBD

Needed for airframe manufacturer or airline project      yes  no

Specify:

Mandate/regulatory requirement yes  no

Program and date: (program & date)

Is the activity defining/changing an infrastructure standard? yes  no

Specify (e.g. ABINC 429)

When is the ARINC Standard required?

2016

What is driving this date? Standardization progress in RTCA, EUROCAE and RTCA and need of avionics specifications to consider further deployment and support planning

Are 18 months (min) available for standardization work?      yes  no

If NO please specify solution:

Are Patent(s) involved?  yes  no

If YES please describe, identify patent holder:

The WiMAX forum organization holds the database with all relating WiMAX (AeroMACS) patents (<http://www.wimaxforum.org/resources/inr>)

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### **Issues to be worked**

- Query as required WiMAX OEMs and System Suppliers
  - Define AeroMACS transceiver form fit and functional
  - Avionics architecture

- Define and specify detailed Interfaces to airborne peripherals, i.e., control/display functions, central maintenance functions, etc.
- Propose and define Integration with related broadband and future ATC communication systems
- Define segregation principles from unrelated functions
- Ensure interoperability with other applicable ARINC standards
- Aircraft installation guidelines
- AeroMACS Antennas and cabling specifications
- Other items (TBD)

List to be revisited at end of step1 activity

## **4.0 Benefits**

### **4.1 Basic benefits**

Operational enhancements	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
For equipment standards:	
a. Is this a hardware characteristic?	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
b. Is this a software characteristic?	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
c. Interchangeable interface definition?	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
d. Interchangeable function definition?	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
If not fully interchangeable, please explain:	_____
Is this a software interface and protocol standard?	yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Specify: _____	
Product offered by more than one supplier	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
Identify: Selex ES, Harris, Honeywell, Hitachi	

### **4.2 Specific project benefits (Describe overall project benefits.)**

This section describes the capabilities that are expected to be provided to the aircraft and ground by the installation and operation of AeroMACS.

Due to the use of an all IP radio, the radio can be easily integrated in existing AOC networks or future networks such as PENS (Pan European Network Services) in Europe.

Much higher radio data throughputs will be made available at airport surface compared to existing avionics systems used today such as ACARS or ATN/OSI (VDLM2). While Gatelink (WiFi) is also providing high data throughputs the public ISM band is getting saturated in some regions due to the high interference levels encountered. AeroMACS should not encounter this problem as it will operate in dedicated spectrum reserved for aviation. AeroMACS additionally offers a more remote connectivity to aircraft moving on the taxiways or parked on the apron far from a gate.

AeroMACS will be the first data link that will require IP access into the cockpit. Therefore the AeroMACS work will also facilitate the integration of future IP based ATC radios such as LDACS and the SBB or future SATCOM.

#### **4.2.1 Benefits for Airlines**

Airlines will be able to rely on a high-speed data rate connection located in protected (interference free) spectrum and will be able to optimize the airport surface communication between their aircraft and AOC center. The timely availability of needed information on aircraft status will allow faster turnaround times at the gate.

AeroMACS can also be considered as one of the future radio components bringing SWIM to the aircraft (Aircraft Access to SWIM - AAtS).

Because AeroMACS is an all IP radio, integration with existing local AOC IP ground network infrastructure should be simplified.

Several ATC data messages have been identified in the COCR to be carried over AeroMACS (DLL, D-ATIS, DCL, D-OTIS, D-SIG, D-SIGMET, D-TAXI, FLIPCY, FLIPINT, COTRAC (phase 2 ramp) etc.). Some messages are already sent over VDLM2 and will be transferred over AeroMACS to create more capacity on existing European congested VDLM2 channels. Other messages are new and are part of the effort to reduce gate turnaround time or are linked to new 4D trajectory based ATM operations.

Some other (not COCR based) ATC messages are being identified by FAA and are intended to run over AeroMACS as well.

#### **4.2.2 Benefits for Airframe Manufacturers**

Airframe Manufacturers could provide diverse communication link options such as AeroMACS – Gatelink to their customers. As multiple avionics equipment suppliers are interested in delivering AeroMACS the airframe manufacturers may offer different supplier choices to their customers.

#### **4.2.3 Benefits for Avionics Equipment Suppliers**

Equipment suppliers could benefit from this standard because the common interface description will allow them to provide their radio offering in several configurations.

### **5.0 Documents to be Produced and Date of Expected Result**

ARINC Project Paper 7xx: AeroMACS Avionics Specification

### **5.1 Meetings and Expected Document Completion**

The following table identifies the number of meetings and proposed meeting days needed to produce the documents described above.

<b>Product/Activity</b>	<b>Mtgs</b>	<b>Mtg-Days (Total)</b>	<b>Expected Start Date</b>	<b>Expected Completion Date</b>
Step 1 - AeroMACS Avionics Architecture	4	8 days (4x2)	June 2014	June 2015
Step 2 - ARINC Project Paper 7xx: AeroMACS Avionics Specification	4	8 days (4x2)	June 2015	June 2016

It is expected that 3 or 4 meeting in the context of planed SAI Subcommittee meetings will be required for Step 1 and the rest of the meetings to complete the work in Step 2. This APIM will be updated for step 2.

The in-person meetings will be augmented by web conferences held as necessary.

**6.0      Comments**

None

**6.1      Expiration Date for this APIM**

April 2017

*Submit completed form to the AEEC Executive Secretary.*